

Local seismic networks WEBNET and REYKJANET: current state and near future upgrade

Jakub Klicpera and Josef Horálek and WEBNET Group

Institute of Geophysics

Academy of Sciences of the Czech Rep.

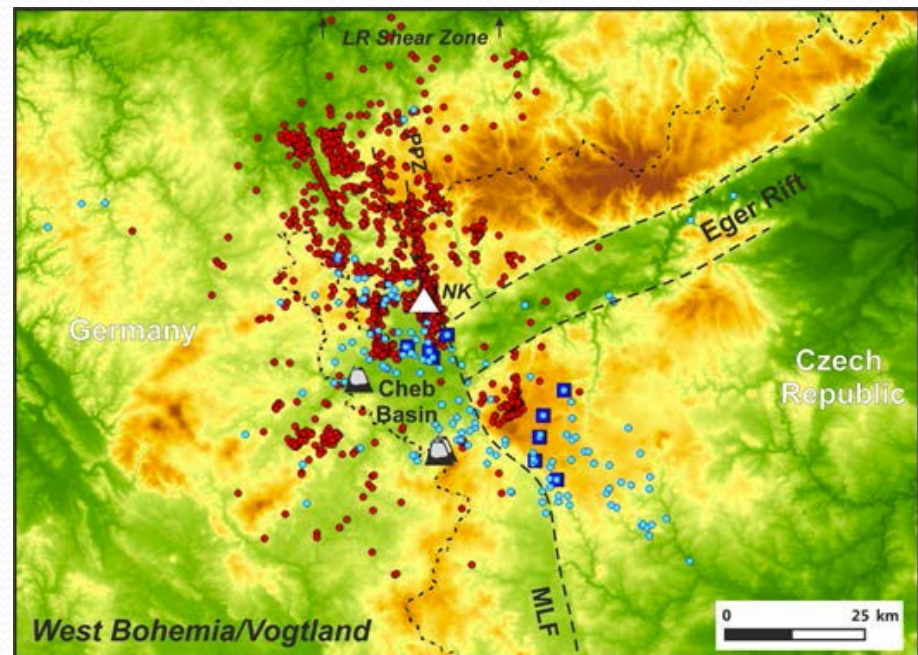
*in cooperation with
the Institute of Rock Structure and Mechanics,
Academy of Sciences of the Czech Rep.*

WEBNET

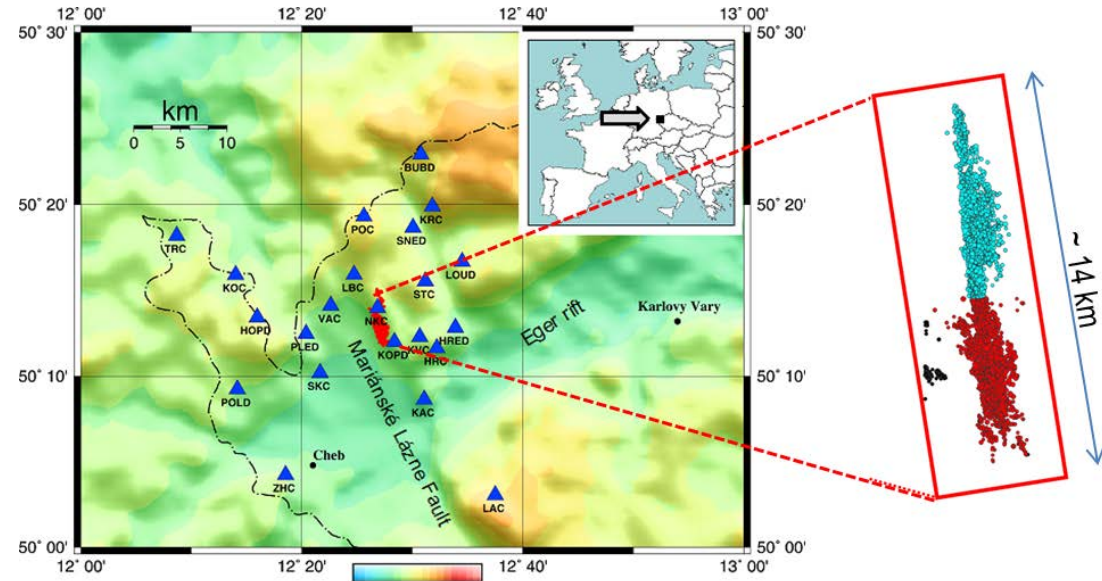
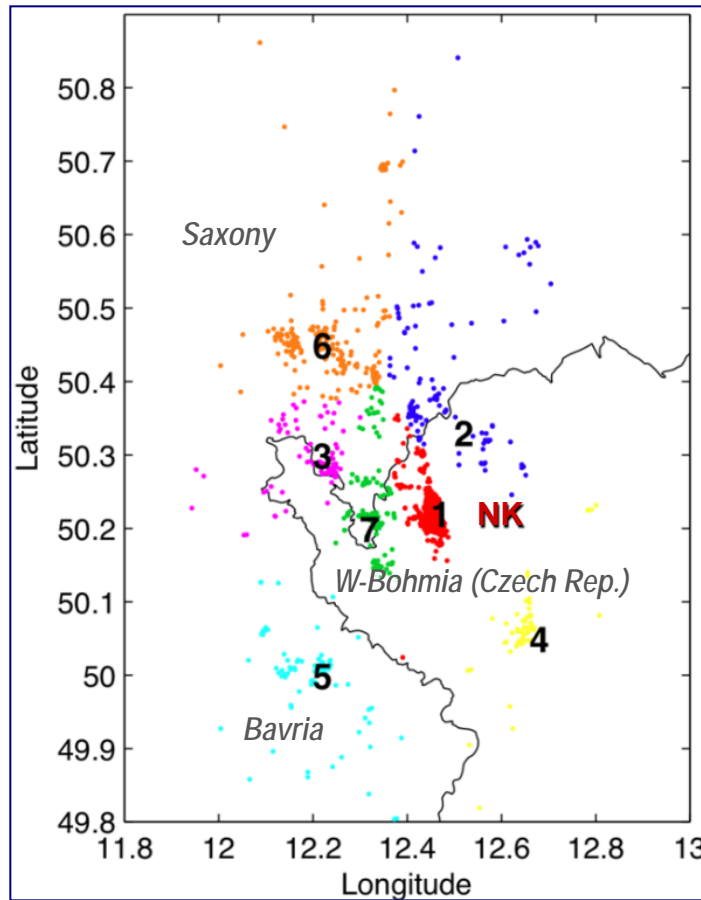
(West Bohemia Network)

- W-Bohemia/Vogtland (Lat: $\approx 49.8^{\circ}\text{N}$ to 50.7°N , Long: $\approx 12^{\circ}\text{E}$ to 13°E) - an intraplate geodynamically active area
- earthquake swarms – specific type of seismicity
sequences of seismic events closely clustered in space and time, without a single outstanding earthquake

The origin of earthquake swarms still unclear.

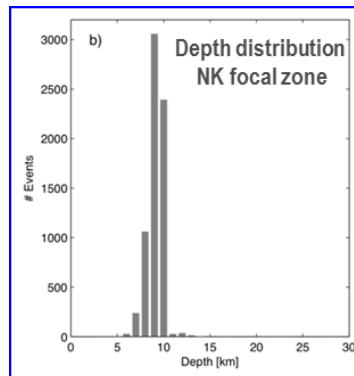
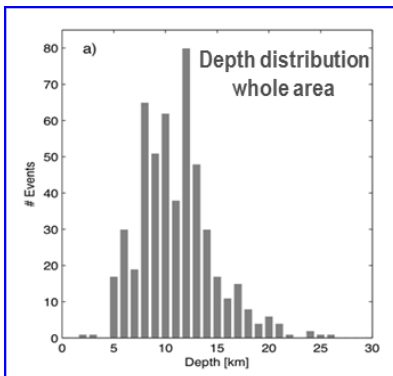


W-Bohemia/Vogtland region and local earthquake swarms



Basic characteristics:

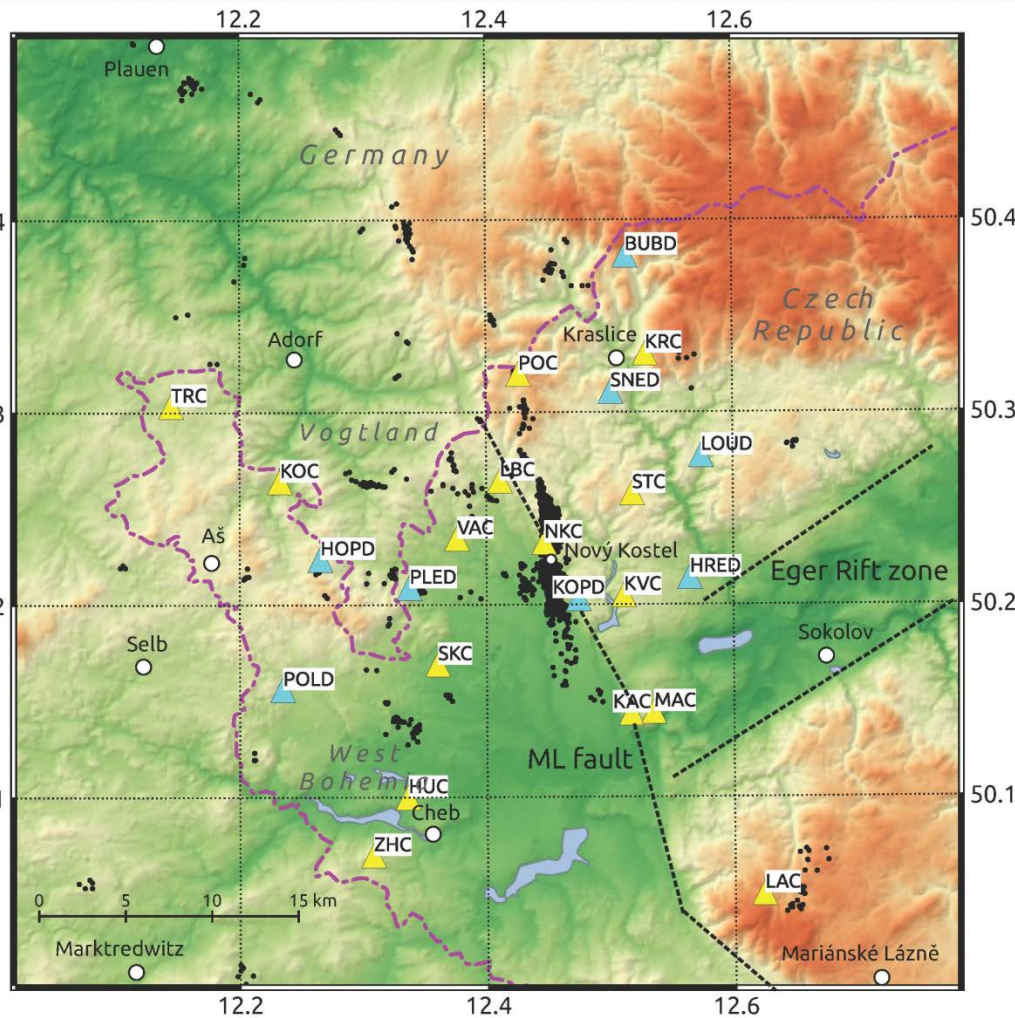
- Western part of the Bohemian Massif
- Intersection of Eger rift and Mariánské Lázně fault
- Quaternary volcanism, crustal-fluid activity
- Frequent occurrence of $M_L < 4.0$ intraplate earthquake swarms
- Swarm-like seismicity scattered in the area $\approx 40 \times 60$ km but mainly concentrated in a few epicentral areas
- About 95 % of the total seismic-moment released in the NK zone \Rightarrow focal belt 10×7 km



Basic characteristics of significant W-Bohemia/Vogtland seismicity

	<i>Duration [days]</i>	<i>Total number of detected ev.</i>	<i>Characteristics</i>	<i>M_L_{max}</i>
1985/86	70	8000 M _L >0.5	swarm	4.6
1997	20	1 800	swarm	3.0
2000	125	25 000	swarm	3.2
2008	70	25 000	swarm	3.8
2011	120	25 000	swarm	3.7
2013	20	1 500	mini-swarm	2.5
2014	14	4 000	3 mainshock- aftershocks sequences	3.6 4.4 3.5
2017	16	2 500	swarm	3.1
2018	15	7 000	swarm	3.8
background: 1997-2018	-	10 000	micro-swarms & single events	2.0

Distribution and parameters of the WEBNET stations current state



- ▲ BB networked stations
- ▲ SP autonomous stations
- WEBNET configuration:
12 BB networked and
10 SP autonomous 3C stations
- records proportional to
the ground velocity
- frequency band:
0.03-80 Hz for the BB stations
1.0-80 Hz for the SP stations
- sampling rate: 250 Hz

Area covered by stations $\approx 900 \text{ km}^2$

WEBNET: instrumentation and data – current state

BB stations:

Sensors: Güralp CMG3-ESP, $T_0 = 30\text{s}$, $f_{LP} = 100\text{ Hz}$

Data acquisition systems: Centaur by Nanometrics

Connected to Internet by WaveLan, Satellite, GSM LTE

SP stations:

Sensors: Lennartz LE3-D, $T_0 = 1\text{s}$, $f_{LP} = 80\text{ Hz}$,

Data acquisition systems: Gaia II, by Vistec (domestic provenience)

Recording media: SD cards

data downloaded once in 2 months or if needed

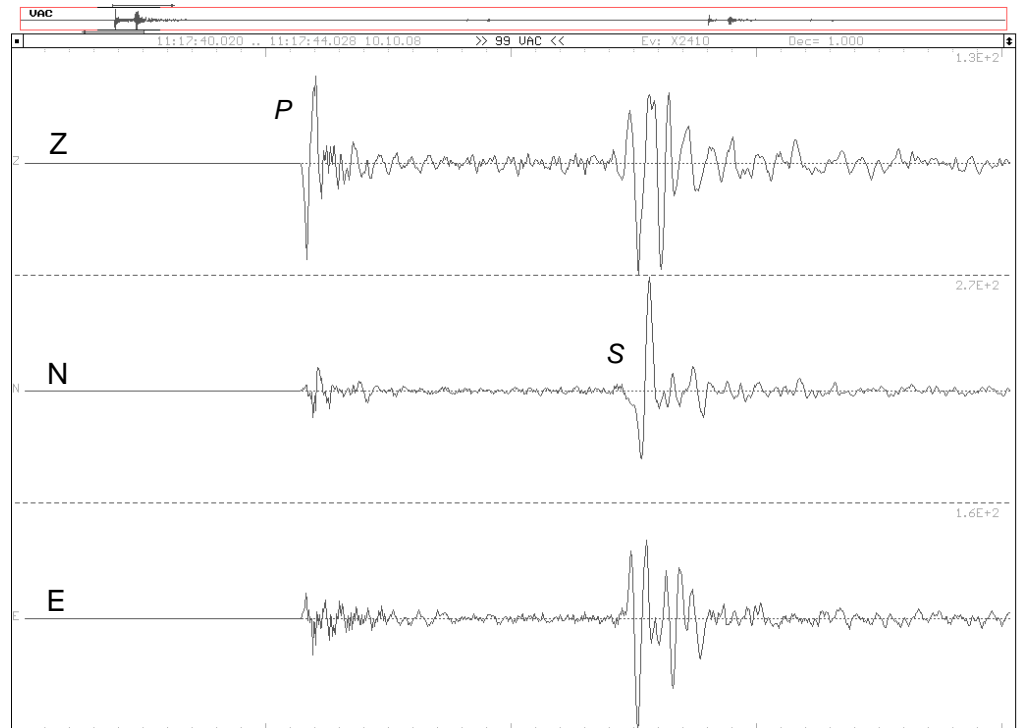
All the stations operated in continuous mode

Data format: miniSEED

Data stored on data server SILO,

Date access: catalogs available on Internet
seismograms on request.

WEBNET stations and typical seismogram



The newest stations of WEBNET



Chlum sv. Maří (MAC)

First „green powered“ station with broad band sensor and online data streaming with GSM LTE.

Absolute independence of power net
Since 2017

Horka (HORC)

Supported by AV21 and

With cooperation

Vodní díla - TBD a.s.

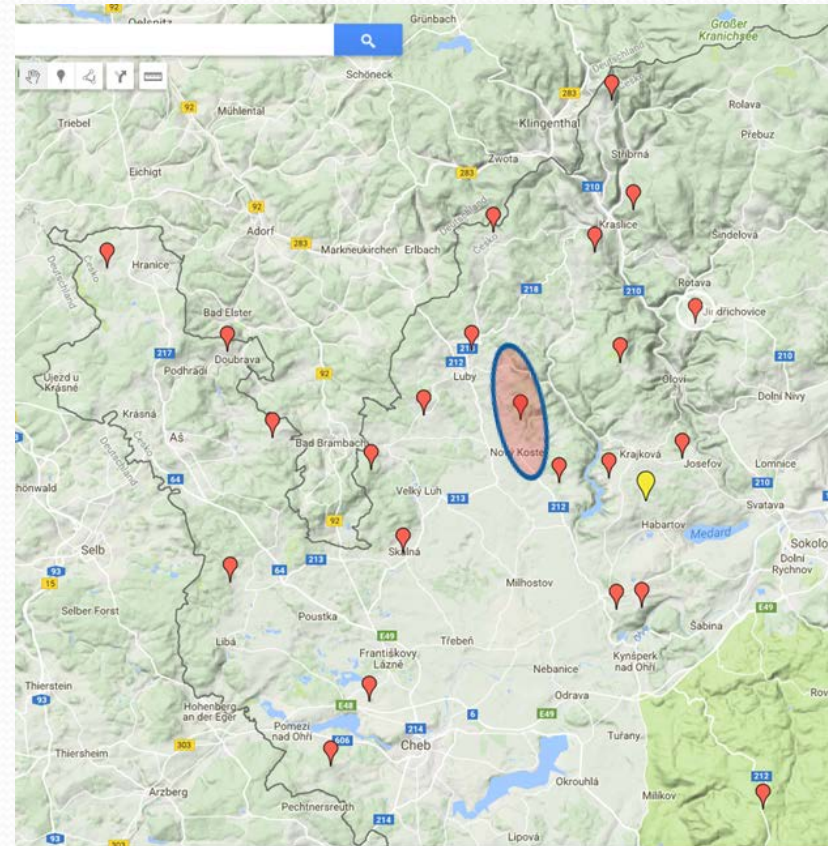
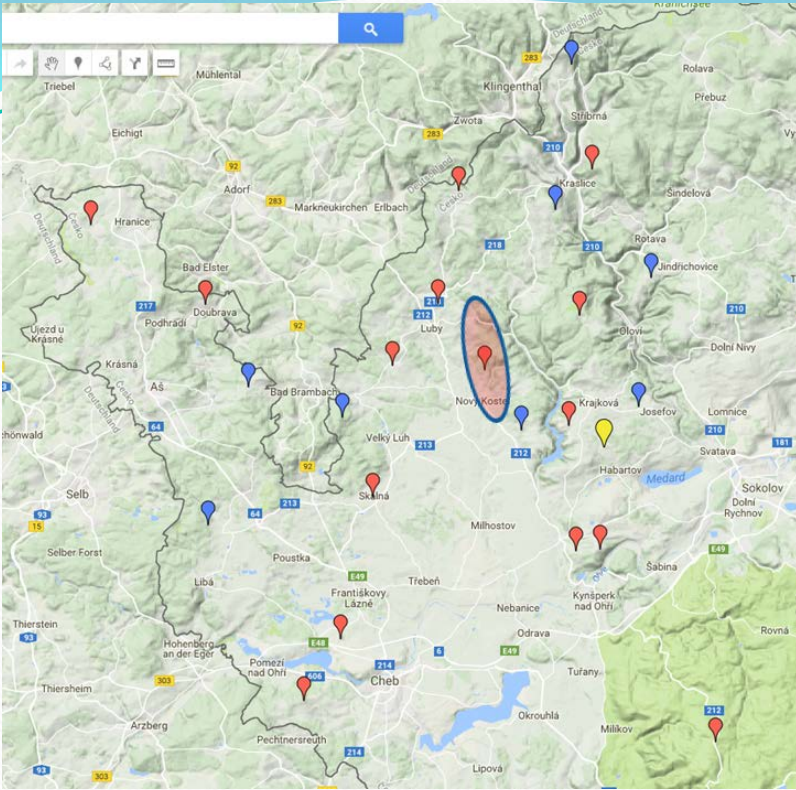
Ground motion monitoring in

The Horka dam

Since 2018

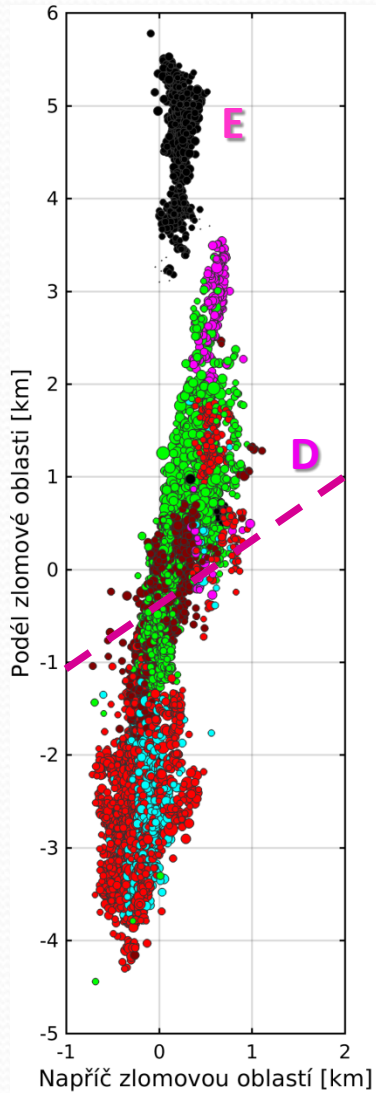


Near future upgrade of WEBNET:
Transformation of 8 SP autonomous stations (blue flags) into BB networked ones; HRC station (yellow flag) will be established later on.
Instrumentation ordered (manufacturing in process).



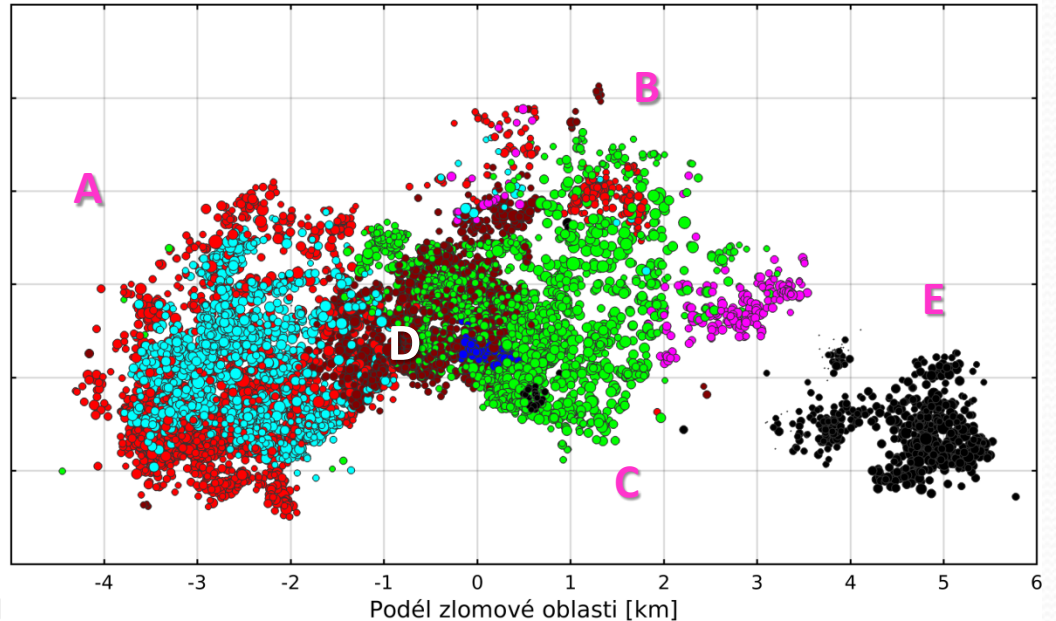
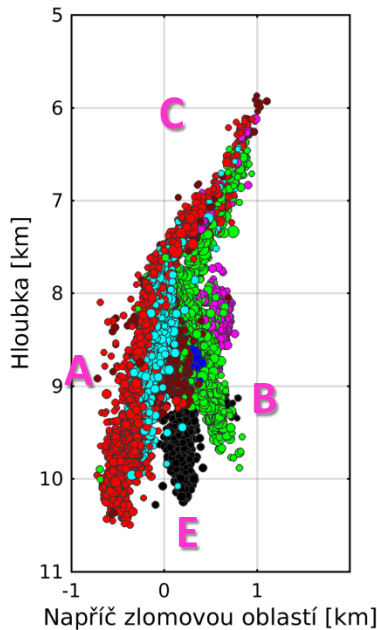
Sensors: Güralp CMG3-ESP, $t_0 = 30s$, $f_{LP} = 100$ Hz
Digitizers: Centaur by Nanometrics
Connection to Internet: GSM LTE;
Batch data transmission due to lower power consumption
Power supply: batteries recharged by solar panels

Spatial distribution of earthquake swarms in the main focal zone NK



- 1997
- 2000
- 2008
- 2011
- 2014
- 2017

2000 and 2008 swarms – fault segment *A*
2011 swarm – fault segments *B* and *C*
2014 mainshock-aftershock sequence – fault segment *D*
2017 swarm – fault segment *E*

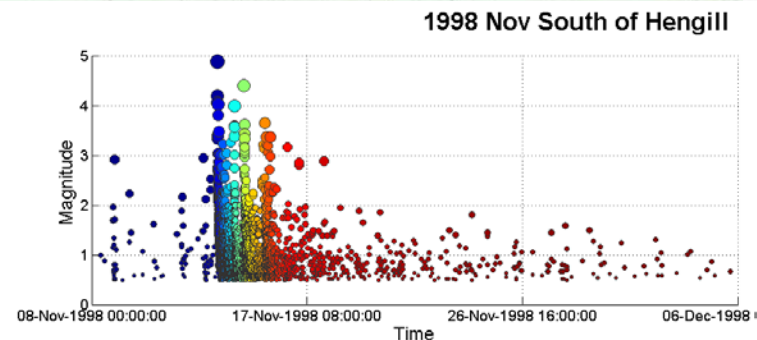
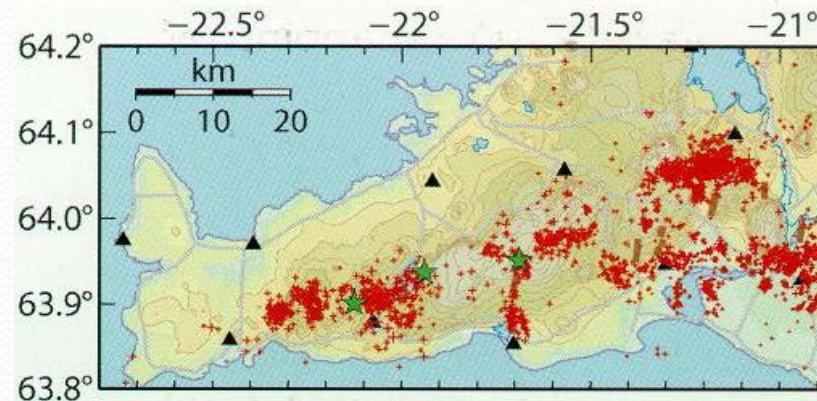
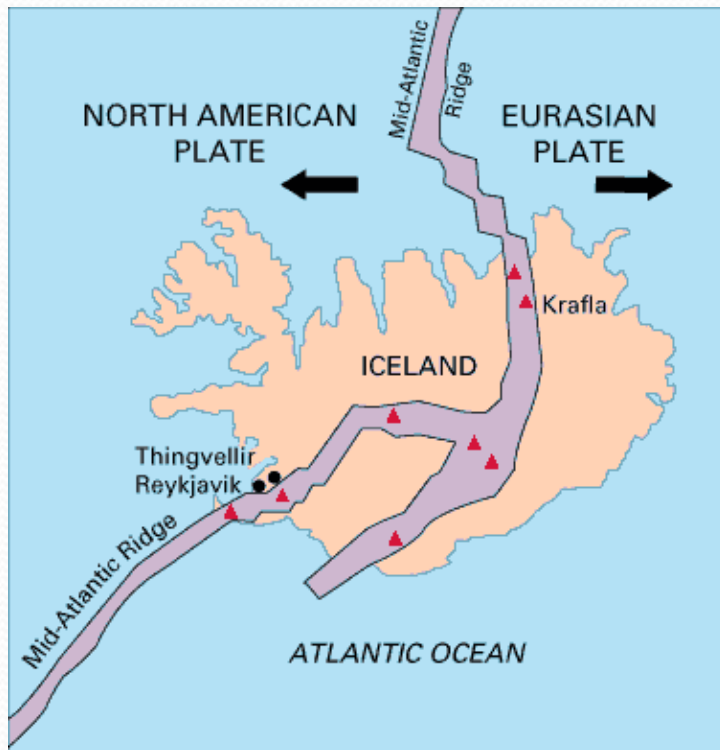


REYKJANET

Reykjanes Peninsula Network, SW Iceland

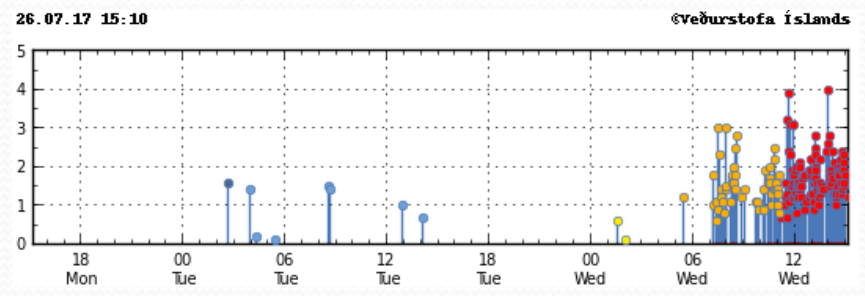
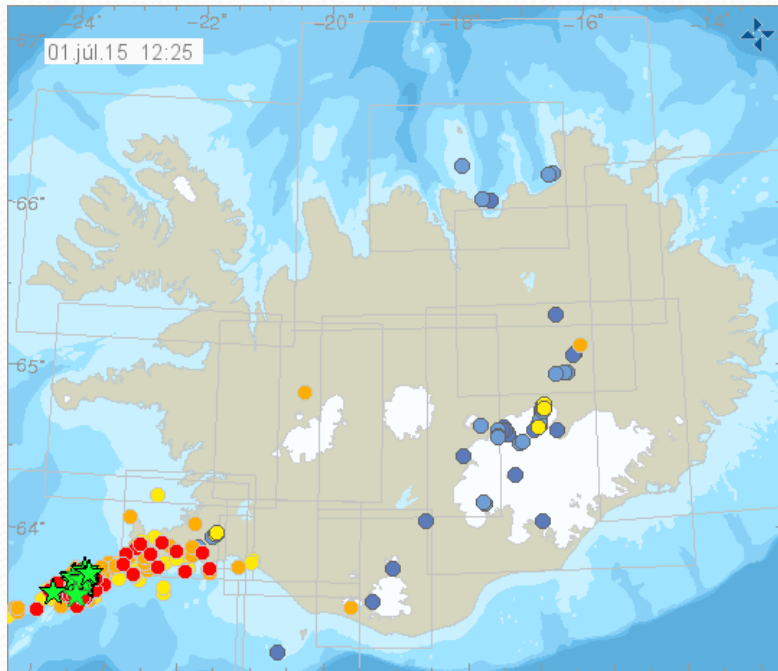
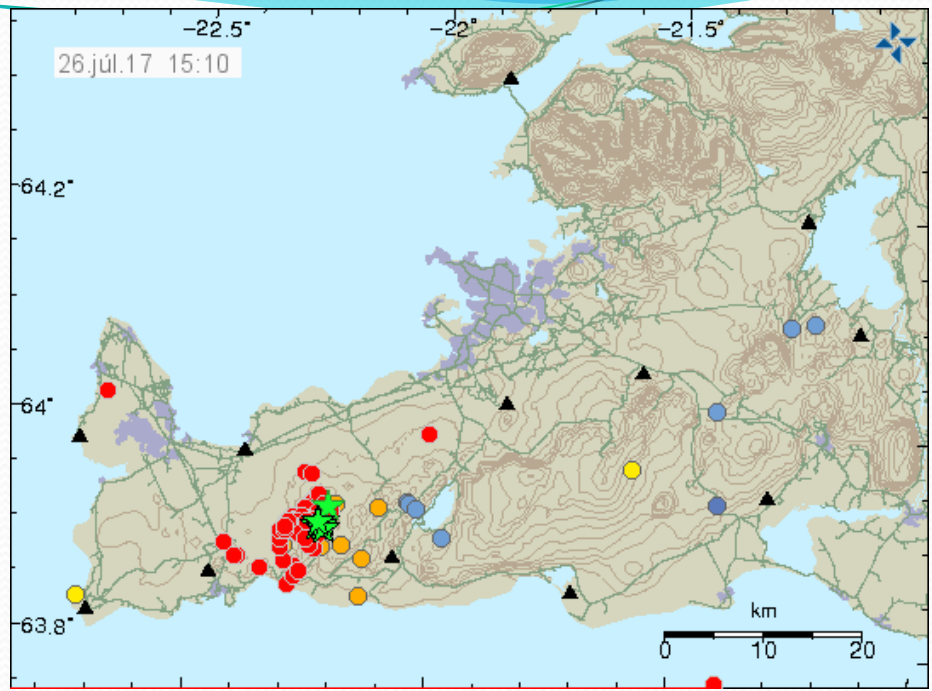
Reykjanes Peninsula: (Lat: $\approx 63.8^\circ\text{N}$ to 64.1°N , Long: $\approx 21.5^\circ\text{W}$ to 22.3°W)

- onshore continuation of the Reykjanes Ridge which is a part of the mid-Atlantic Ridge
- swarm-like seismicity at a contact of lithospheric plates earthquake swarms – up to magnitude $M_L = 5+$ Iceland



Seismic activity concentrated along the ridge

Earthquake swarms typical of the Reykjanes Peninsula and Hengill volcanic complex



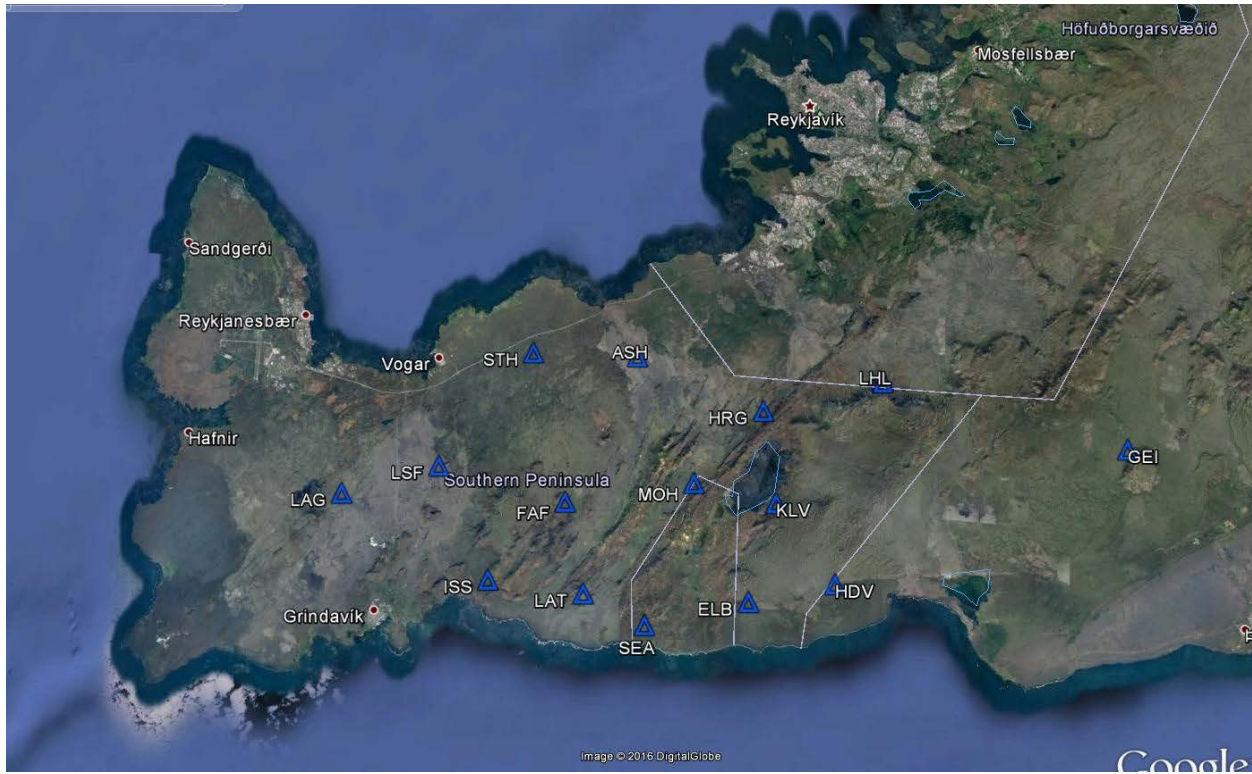
Basic characteristics of the Reykjanes Peninsula, SW Iceland

- Plate motion rate ≈ 20 mm/year in E-W and ≈ 5 mm/year in N-S.
- Interaction between volcanic and tectonic activity.
- Most of the Reykjanes Peninsula surface covered by lava.
- The largest recent swarms: $M_w = 5.9$ in 2000, $M_w = 5.3$ in 2003, $M_w = 5.0$ in 2013.
- At the present time the seismicity is of diffused character along the plate boundary.
- High fluid activity - many fumaroles and geothermal systems
- Brittle/ductile transition at about 7 km depth, temperature of at least 650°C .
- Magmatic activity occurred at intervals ≈ 1000 years; the latest eruptive period ended in 1240 AD.

Typical relief of the Reykjanes Peninsula



Distribution and parameters of the REYKJANET stations



Built up:
September 2013

Area covered by
the REYKJANET stations:
 $\approx 60 \text{ km} \times 20 \text{ km}$

- 14 BB and 1 SP autonomous 3C stations
- records proportional to the ground velocity
- frequency band: 0.03- 80/50 Hz for the BB stations
1.0-80 Hz for the SP station
- sampling rate: 250 Hz.

REYKJANET: instrumentation and data - current state

14 BB stations:

Sensors: Güralp CMG 40-T, $T_0 = 30\text{s}$, $f_{LP} = 100/50\text{ Hz}$ (liable to resonance at frequencies $> 50\text{ Hz}$); *various amplification (gain) of the sensors used*

1 SP station:

Sensor: Lennartz LE3-D Lite, $T_0 = 1\text{s}$, $f_{LP} = 80\text{ Hz}$

Infra-sonic sensors at 7 stations: micro-barographs $\approx 0 - 25\text{ Hz}$

Data acquisition systems: Gaia I, III, by Vistec (domestic provenience)

Recording media: SD cards, data downloaded once in 3 months

All the stations operated in continuous mode

Power supply: solar panels – air turbine

Data format: miniSEED

Data stored on data server SILO

Date access: seismograms on request

Expert and technical support: Iceland GeoSurvey - ÍSOR

Icelandic Meteorological Office - IMO

Near future upgrade of REYKJANET:

Complete replacement of the current instrumentation by:

Sensors: Güralp CMG3-ESP, $t_0 = 30s$, $f_{LP} = 100$ Hz

Digitizers: Centaur by Nanometrics

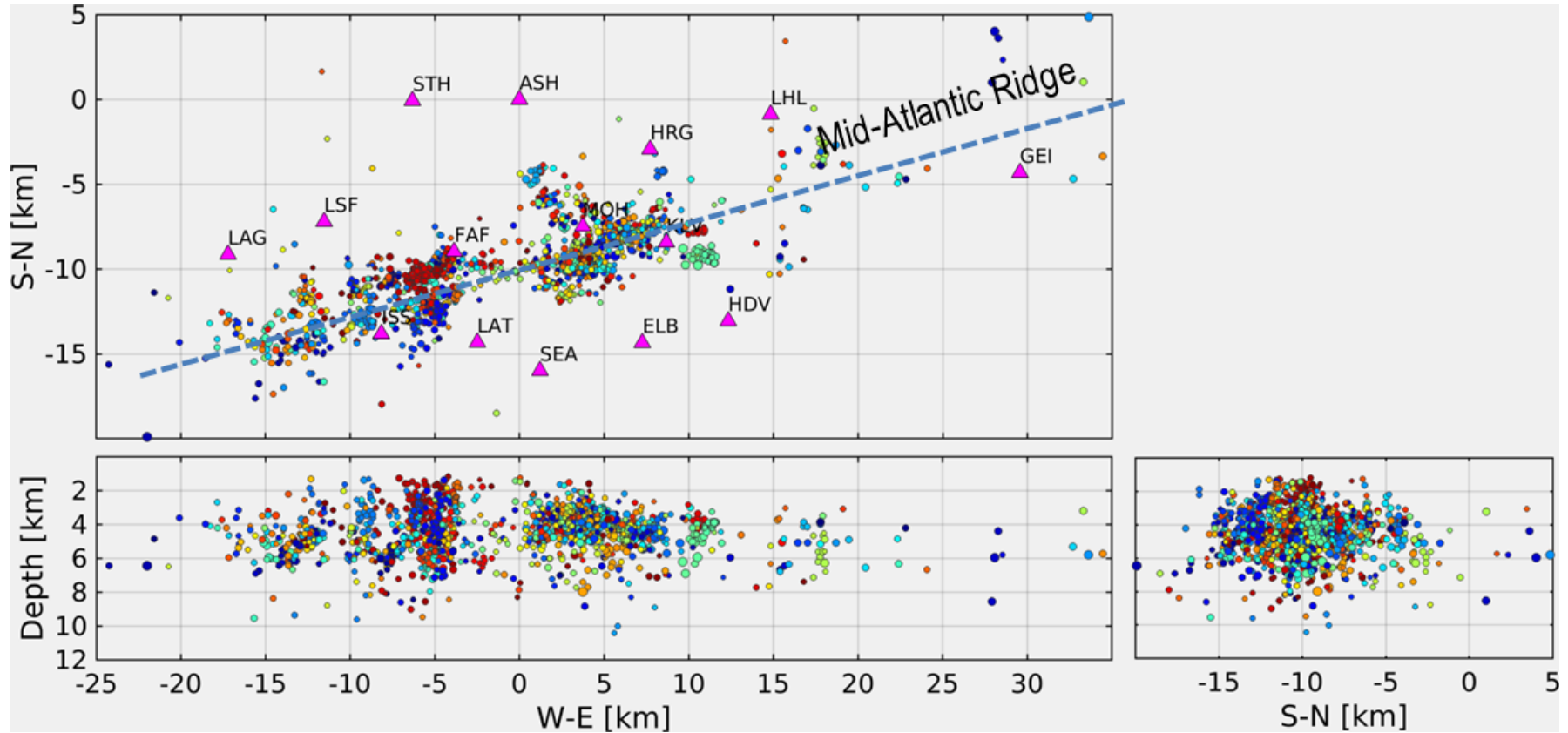
Connection to Internet using GSM LTE / WaveLan (subject of accessibility)

Batch data transmission due to lower power consumption (similar to the WEBNET upgrade)

Sensors delivered

Digitizers ordered will be delivered by the end of 2018

Space distribution of the swarm-like seismicity on the Reykjanes Peninsula



Diffused „swarm-like“ seismicity along the rift, $M_{Lmax} = 3.6$

REYKJANET station KLV

Thank you for your attention!

